

第四章 随机变量的数字特征

(注:本章笔记不视为作业)

§1 数学期望

离散型随机变量 X 的分布律为

$P\{X=x_k\} = p_k, k=1,2,\dots$

数学期望

绝对收敛, 则称级数 $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} x_k p_k$ 为随机变量 X 的数学期望, 记为 E(X), 即

$E(X) = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} x_k p_k$

连续型随机变量 X 的概率密度为 f(x), 则称为

$E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x f(x) dx$

绝对收敛, 则称级数 $\sum_{k=1}^{\infty} x_k p_k$ 为随机变量 X 的数学期望, 记为 E(X), 即

$E(X) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} x f(x) dx$

数学期望简称期望, 又称为均值

数学期望完全由随机变量的概率分布所决定, 若 X 服从某一种分布, 则称 E(X) 为该分布的期望

期望的几何意义如下:

- (1) 设 X 为常数, 则 E(C) = C
- (2) 设 X 为一个随机变量, C 为常数, 则 E(CX) = CE(X)
- (3) 设 X, Y 是两个随机变量, 则有

$E(CX+Y) = CE(X) + E(Y)$

注: 上述性质对任意有限个随机变量的线性组合均成立, 即

$E(\sum_{i=1}^n c_i X_i) = \sum_{i=1}^n c_i E(X_i)$

定义: 设 X, Y 是两个随机变量, 若 E[(X-E(X))(Y-E(Y))] 存在, 则称 X, Y 的协方差为

$Cov(X, Y) = E[(X-E(X))(Y-E(Y))]$

在应用上常引入 $\rho_{XY} = \frac{Cov(X, Y)}{\sqrt{D(X)D(Y)}}$, 称为 X, Y 的相关系数

方差的几个重要性质如下:

- (1) 设 C 为常数, 则 D(CX) = C^2 D(X)
- (2) 设 X, Y 是两个随机变量, 则有

$D(CX+Y) = C^2 D(X) + D(Y) + 2C Cov(X, Y)$

特别, 若 X, Y 相互独立, 则有

$D(CX+Y) = C^2 D(X) + D(Y)$

此外, 若 X, Y 为相互独立的随机变量的函数

$D(X, Y) = 0$ 的充分条件是 X, Y 相互独立, 即 $P\{X=x, Y=y\} = P\{X=x\}P\{Y=y\}$

§2 协方差及方差-协方差

定义: 设 X, Y 是两个随机变量, 若 E[(X-E(X))(Y-E(Y))] 存在, 则称 X, Y 的协方差为

$Cov(X, Y) = E[(X-E(X))(Y-E(Y))]$

而

$\rho_{XY} = \frac{Cov(X, Y)}{\sqrt{D(X)D(Y)}}$

称为随机变量 X, Y 的相关系数

由此可知, 即知

$Cov(X, Y) \geq Cov(Y, X), Cov(X, X) = D(X)$

由上述方差定义可知, 对于任意两个随机变量 X 和 Y, 下列等式

$D(X+Y) = D(X) + D(Y) + 2Cov(X, Y)$

将 Cov(X, Y) 的定义代入, 即得

$Cov(X, Y) = E(XY) - E(X)E(Y)$

协方差具有下述性质:

- (1) $Cov(aX, bY) = ab Cov(X, Y)$, a, b 为常数
- (2) $Cov(X+Y, Z) = Cov(X, Z) + Cov(Y, Z)$

相关系数具有下述性质:

- (1) $|\rho_{XY}| \leq 1$
- (2) $|\rho_{XY}| = 1$ 的充分必要条件是存在常数 a, b 使 $bY = aX + c$

当 $|\rho_{XY}| = 1$ 时, 表明 X, Y 存在线性关系(完全相关), 特别当 $|\rho_{XY}| = 1$ 时, X, Y 可以概率 1 存在着线性关系, 于是 ρ_{XY} 是一个用来衡量 X, Y 线性关系密切程度的量, 当 $|\rho_{XY}|$ 较大时, 我们通常说, X, Y 线性相关

当 $|\rho_{XY}| = 0$ 时, 表明 X, Y 不相关, 即 X, Y 不相关, 且 X, Y 不一定是相互独立的, 这是因为线性关系与独立性是两个不同的概念, 而相互独立一般是互斥-互斥-互斥的

§3 多元正态分布

定义: 设 X 和 Y 是两个随机变量, 若

$E(X) = \mu, E(Y) = \nu$

存在, 称它为 X 和 Y 的协方差矩阵, 简称协方差矩阵

$E[(X-E(X))(Y-E(Y))] = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{11} & \sigma_{12} \\ \sigma_{21} & \sigma_{22} \end{pmatrix}$

存在, 称它为 X 和 Y 的协方差矩阵

$E[(X-E(X))(Y-E(Y))] = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{11} & \sigma_{12} \\ \sigma_{21} & \sigma_{22} \end{pmatrix}$

存在, 称它为 X 和 Y 的协方差矩阵

$E[(X-E(X))(Y-E(Y))] = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{11} & \sigma_{12} \\ \sigma_{21} & \sigma_{22} \end{pmatrix}$

显然, X 的数学期望 E(X) 是 X 的一阶中心矩, 方差 D(X) 是 X 的二阶中心矩, 协方差 Cov(X, Y) 是 X 和 Y 的二阶中心矩

下面介绍 n 维随机变量的协方差矩阵, 设 n 维随机变量

(X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n) 有 n 阶二阶中心矩(假设均存在), 分别记为

$\sigma_{11} = E[(X_1-E(X_1))^2]$

$\sigma_{22} = E[(X_2-E(X_2))^2]$

$\sigma_{33} = E[(X_3-E(X_3))^2]$

$\sigma_{44} = E[(X_4-E(X_4))^2]$

$\sigma_{55} = E[(X_5-E(X_5))^2]$

$\sigma_{66} = E[(X_6-E(X_6))^2]$

$\sigma_{77} = E[(X_7-E(X_7))^2]$

$\sigma_{88} = E[(X_8-E(X_8))^2]$

$\sigma_{99} = E[(X_9-E(X_9))^2]$

$\sigma_{100} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))^2]$

$\sigma_{111} = E[(X_1-E(X_1))(X_1-E(X_1))]$

$\sigma_{112} = E[(X_1-E(X_1))(X_2-E(X_2))]$

$\sigma_{113} = E[(X_1-E(X_1))(X_3-E(X_3))]$

$\sigma_{114} = E[(X_1-E(X_1))(X_4-E(X_4))]$

$\sigma_{115} = E[(X_1-E(X_1))(X_5-E(X_5))]$

$\sigma_{116} = E[(X_1-E(X_1))(X_6-E(X_6))]$

$\sigma_{117} = E[(X_1-E(X_1))(X_7-E(X_7))]$

$\sigma_{118} = E[(X_1-E(X_1))(X_8-E(X_8))]$

$\sigma_{119} = E[(X_1-E(X_1))(X_9-E(X_9))]$

$\sigma_{1110} = E[(X_1-E(X_1))(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))]$

$\sigma_{121} = E[(X_2-E(X_2))(X_1-E(X_1))]$

$\sigma_{122} = E[(X_2-E(X_2))(X_2-E(X_2))]$

$\sigma_{123} = E[(X_2-E(X_2))(X_3-E(X_3))]$

$\sigma_{124} = E[(X_2-E(X_2))(X_4-E(X_4))]$

$\sigma_{125} = E[(X_2-E(X_2))(X_5-E(X_5))]$

$\sigma_{126} = E[(X_2-E(X_2))(X_6-E(X_6))]$

$\sigma_{127} = E[(X_2-E(X_2))(X_7-E(X_7))]$

$\sigma_{128} = E[(X_2-E(X_2))(X_8-E(X_8))]$

$\sigma_{129} = E[(X_2-E(X_2))(X_9-E(X_9))]$

$\sigma_{1210} = E[(X_2-E(X_2))(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))]$

$\sigma_{131} = E[(X_3-E(X_3))(X_1-E(X_1))]$

$\sigma_{132} = E[(X_3-E(X_3))(X_2-E(X_2))]$

$\sigma_{133} = E[(X_3-E(X_3))(X_3-E(X_3))]$

$\sigma_{134} = E[(X_3-E(X_3))(X_4-E(X_4))]$

$\sigma_{135} = E[(X_3-E(X_3))(X_5-E(X_5))]$

$\sigma_{136} = E[(X_3-E(X_3))(X_6-E(X_6))]$

$\sigma_{137} = E[(X_3-E(X_3))(X_7-E(X_7))]$

$\sigma_{138} = E[(X_3-E(X_3))(X_8-E(X_8))]$

$\sigma_{139} = E[(X_3-E(X_3))(X_9-E(X_9))]$

$\sigma_{1310} = E[(X_3-E(X_3))(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))]$

$\sigma_{141} = E[(X_4-E(X_4))(X_1-E(X_1))]$

$\sigma_{142} = E[(X_4-E(X_4))(X_2-E(X_2))]$

$\sigma_{143} = E[(X_4-E(X_4))(X_3-E(X_3))]$

$\sigma_{144} = E[(X_4-E(X_4))(X_4-E(X_4))]$

$\sigma_{145} = E[(X_4-E(X_4))(X_5-E(X_5))]$

$\sigma_{146} = E[(X_4-E(X_4))(X_6-E(X_6))]$

$\sigma_{147} = E[(X_4-E(X_4))(X_7-E(X_7))]$

$\sigma_{148} = E[(X_4-E(X_4))(X_8-E(X_8))]$

$\sigma_{149} = E[(X_4-E(X_4))(X_9-E(X_9))]$

$\sigma_{1410} = E[(X_4-E(X_4))(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))]$

$\sigma_{151} = E[(X_5-E(X_5))(X_1-E(X_1))]$

$\sigma_{152} = E[(X_5-E(X_5))(X_2-E(X_2))]$

$\sigma_{153} = E[(X_5-E(X_5))(X_3-E(X_3))]$

$\sigma_{154} = E[(X_5-E(X_5))(X_4-E(X_4))]$

$\sigma_{155} = E[(X_5-E(X_5))(X_5-E(X_5))]$

$\sigma_{156} = E[(X_5-E(X_5))(X_6-E(X_6))]$

$\sigma_{157} = E[(X_5-E(X_5))(X_7-E(X_7))]$

$\sigma_{158} = E[(X_5-E(X_5))(X_8-E(X_8))]$

$\sigma_{159} = E[(X_5-E(X_5))(X_9-E(X_9))]$

$\sigma_{1510} = E[(X_5-E(X_5))(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))]$

$\sigma_{161} = E[(X_6-E(X_6))(X_1-E(X_1))]$

$\sigma_{162} = E[(X_6-E(X_6))(X_2-E(X_2))]$

$\sigma_{163} = E[(X_6-E(X_6))(X_3-E(X_3))]$

$\sigma_{164} = E[(X_6-E(X_6))(X_4-E(X_4))]$

$\sigma_{165} = E[(X_6-E(X_6))(X_5-E(X_5))]$

$\sigma_{166} = E[(X_6-E(X_6))(X_6-E(X_6))]$

$\sigma_{167} = E[(X_6-E(X_6))(X_7-E(X_7))]$

$\sigma_{168} = E[(X_6-E(X_6))(X_8-E(X_8))]$

$\sigma_{169} = E[(X_6-E(X_6))(X_9-E(X_9))]$

$\sigma_{1610} = E[(X_6-E(X_6))(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))]$

$\sigma_{171} = E[(X_7-E(X_7))(X_1-E(X_1))]$

$\sigma_{172} = E[(X_7-E(X_7))(X_2-E(X_2))]$

$\sigma_{173} = E[(X_7-E(X_7))(X_3-E(X_3))]$

$\sigma_{174} = E[(X_7-E(X_7))(X_4-E(X_4))]$

$\sigma_{175} = E[(X_7-E(X_7))(X_5-E(X_5))]$

$\sigma_{176} = E[(X_7-E(X_7))(X_6-E(X_6))]$

$\sigma_{177} = E[(X_7-E(X_7))(X_7-E(X_7))]$

$\sigma_{178} = E[(X_7-E(X_7))(X_8-E(X_8))]$

$\sigma_{179} = E[(X_7-E(X_7))(X_9-E(X_9))]$

$\sigma_{1710} = E[(X_7-E(X_7))(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))]$

$\sigma_{181} = E[(X_8-E(X_8))(X_1-E(X_1))]$

$\sigma_{182} = E[(X_8-E(X_8))(X_2-E(X_2))]$

$\sigma_{183} = E[(X_8-E(X_8))(X_3-E(X_3))]$

$\sigma_{184} = E[(X_8-E(X_8))(X_4-E(X_4))]$

$\sigma_{185} = E[(X_8-E(X_8))(X_5-E(X_5))]$

$\sigma_{186} = E[(X_8-E(X_8))(X_6-E(X_6))]$

$\sigma_{187} = E[(X_8-E(X_8))(X_7-E(X_7))]$

$\sigma_{188} = E[(X_8-E(X_8))(X_8-E(X_8))]$

$\sigma_{189} = E[(X_8-E(X_8))(X_9-E(X_9))]$

$\sigma_{1810} = E[(X_8-E(X_8))(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))]$

$\sigma_{191} = E[(X_9-E(X_9))(X_1-E(X_1))]$

$\sigma_{192} = E[(X_9-E(X_9))(X_2-E(X_2))]$

$\sigma_{193} = E[(X_9-E(X_9))(X_3-E(X_3))]$

$\sigma_{194} = E[(X_9-E(X_9))(X_4-E(X_4))]$

$\sigma_{195} = E[(X_9-E(X_9))(X_5-E(X_5))]$

$\sigma_{196} = E[(X_9-E(X_9))(X_6-E(X_6))]$

$\sigma_{197} = E[(X_9-E(X_9))(X_7-E(X_7))]$

$\sigma_{198} = E[(X_9-E(X_9))(X_8-E(X_8))]$

$\sigma_{199} = E[(X_9-E(X_9))(X_9-E(X_9))]$

$\sigma_{1910} = E[(X_9-E(X_9))(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))]$

$\sigma_{201} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_1-E(X_1))]$

$\sigma_{202} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_2-E(X_2))]$

$\sigma_{203} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_3-E(X_3))]$

$\sigma_{204} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_4-E(X_4))]$

$\sigma_{205} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_5-E(X_5))]$

$\sigma_{206} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_6-E(X_6))]$

$\sigma_{207} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_7-E(X_7))]$

$\sigma_{208} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_8-E(X_8))]$

$\sigma_{209} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_9-E(X_9))]$

$\sigma_{2010} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))]$

$\sigma_{211} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_1-E(X_1))]$

$\sigma_{212} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_2-E(X_2))]$

$\sigma_{213} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_3-E(X_3))]$

$\sigma_{214} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_4-E(X_4))]$

$\sigma_{215} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_5-E(X_5))]$

$\sigma_{216} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_6-E(X_6))]$

$\sigma_{217} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_7-E(X_7))]$

$\sigma_{218} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_8-E(X_8))]$

$\sigma_{219} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_9-E(X_9))]$

$\sigma_{2110} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))]$

$\sigma_{221} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_1-E(X_1))]$

$\sigma_{222} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_2-E(X_2))]$

$\sigma_{223} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_3-E(X_3))]$

$\sigma_{224} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_4-E(X_4))]$

$\sigma_{225} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_5-E(X_5))]$

$\sigma_{226} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_6-E(X_6))]$

$\sigma_{227} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_7-E(X_7))]$

$\sigma_{228} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_8-E(X_8))]$

$\sigma_{229} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_9-E(X_9))]$

$\sigma_{2210} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))]$

$\sigma_{231} = E[(X_{10}-E(X_{10}))(X_1-E(X_1))]</$